

Quantitative Assessment of Drought Impacts Using XGBoost based on the Drought Impact Reporter

Beichen Zhang*, Fatima Abu Salem†, Michael Hayes*, Tsegaye Tadesse*

* University of Nebraska-Lincoln

† American University of Beirut



Motivation

- Ongoing climate change is inclined to increase the frequency and intensity of drought.
- Different to other natural disasters, drought impacts often lack structural and visible existence.
- There is a demand of transforming the information of drought intensity and frequency into drought impacts.
- It is possible to learn drought impacts through machine learning models with using drought indices as independent variables.

Research Questions

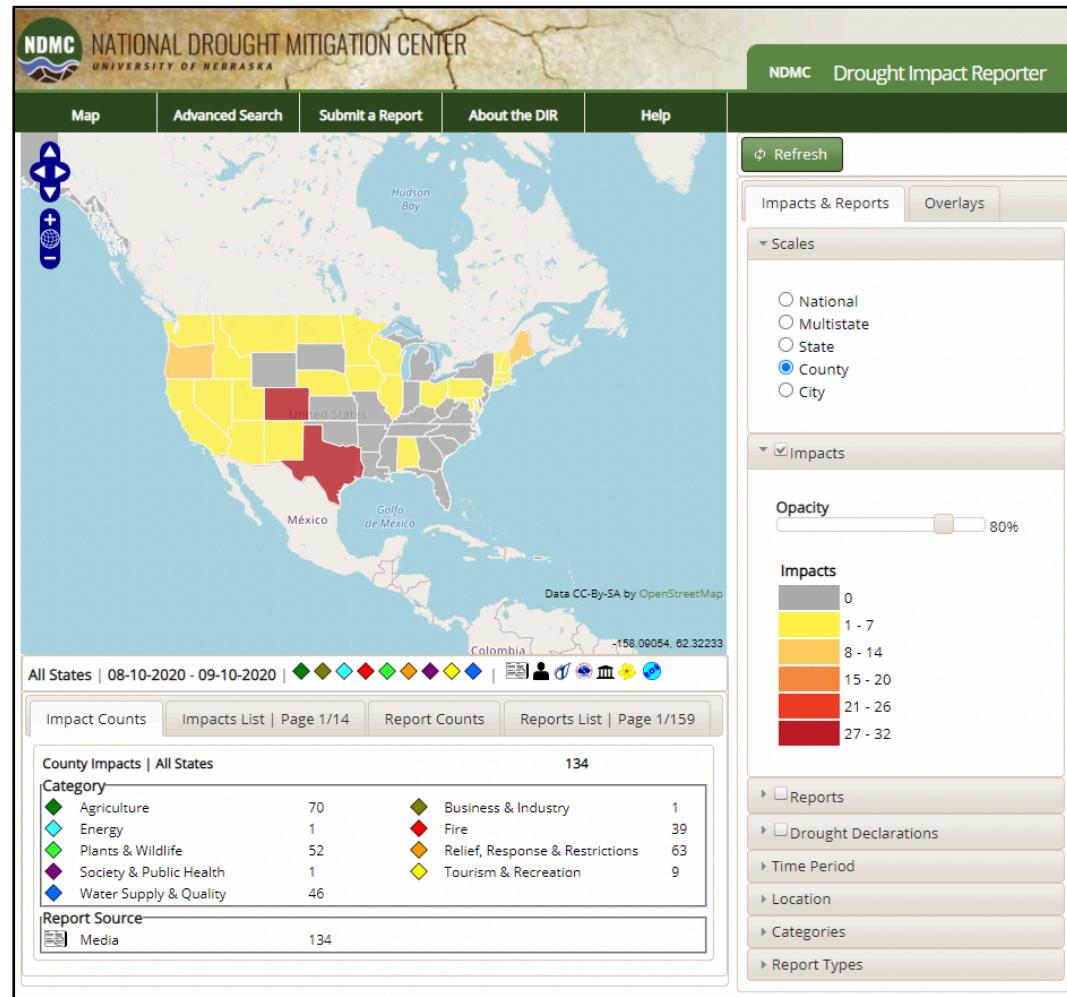
- Can we predict complex and various drought impacts through typical drought indices?
- Do the models help us understand the relationships among drought impacts and indices?
- Are the results from the models interpretable and understandable for the drought experts?

Method | XGBoost & SHAP interpreter

- Proposed Framework
 - Data preparation and feature engineering
 - Addressing imbalanced data
 - Train and validate XGBoost models
 - Test models and interpret outputs with SHAP
- A case study in Texas
 - Multiple severe droughts
 - A diverse economy beyond agriculture

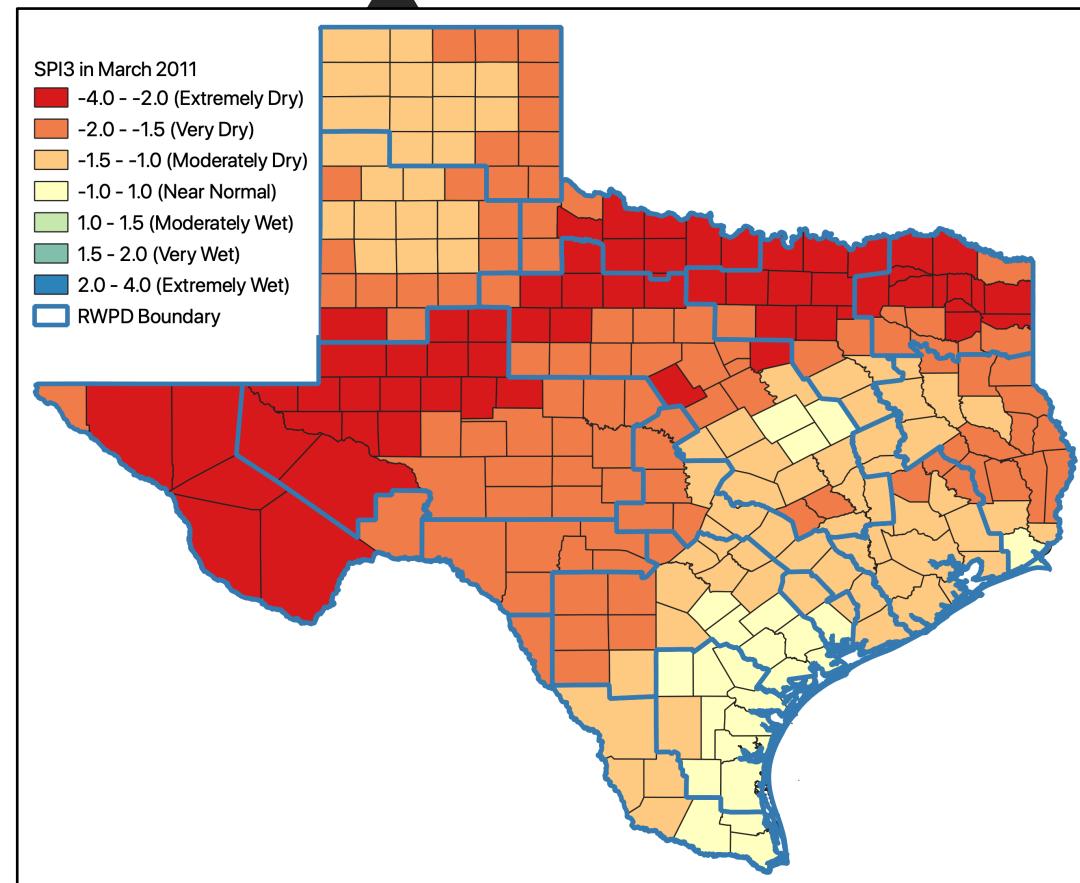
Data | Dependent and Independent Variables

Dependent Variable – Drought Impact Reporter



Independent Variables
– SPI & geographic region & season and month

Jan Feb Mar Apr May Jun

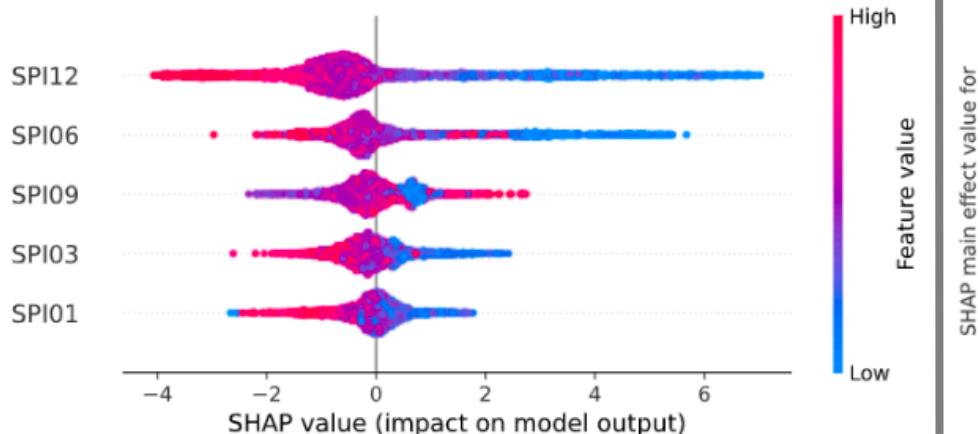


Results | Summary of model performance & the best-performing model

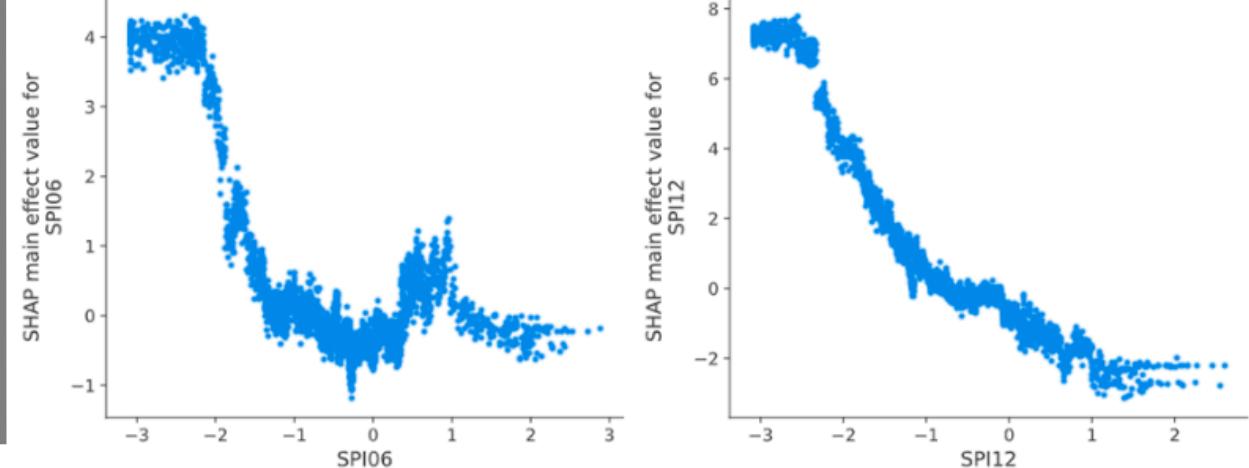
Summary of model performance

Category of Drought Impacts	Ratio of Impacts	Evaluation		
		Accuracy	Recall	F2 Score
Agriculture	0.69	0.86	0.93	0.92
Plants & Wildlife	0.29	0.79	0.79	0.74
Society & Public Health	0.50	0.90	0.96	0.94
Water Supply & Quality	0.36	0.78	0.51	0.55
Fire	0.11	0.88	0.80	0.68
Relief, Response & Restrictions	0.36	0.85	0.72	0.74

SHAP summary plot for SPI
Social & Public health Impacts

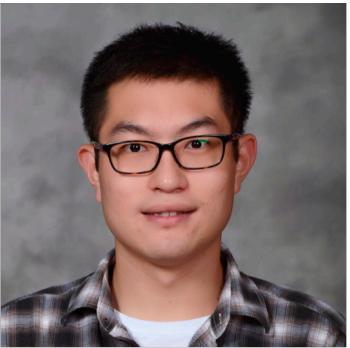


SHAP main effect plot for SPI6 and SPI12
Social & Public health Impacts



Conclusions and Future Work

- The proposed framework based on XGBoost had a good performance to predict multi-category drought impacts on the case study in Texas.
- The model outputs of the society and public health impact are explainable for drought experts.
- This work provides a possibility to explore the relationships among various drought impacts and indices.



Beichen Zhang
Ph.D. Student
In Climate Assessment and Impacts



Fatima Abu Salem, Ph.D.
Associate Professor
Computer Scientist



Michael Hayes Ph.D.
Professor
Climatologist



Tsegaye Tadesse, Ph.D.
Research Professor
Applied Climatologist
Remote Sensing Expert

Thank you!