



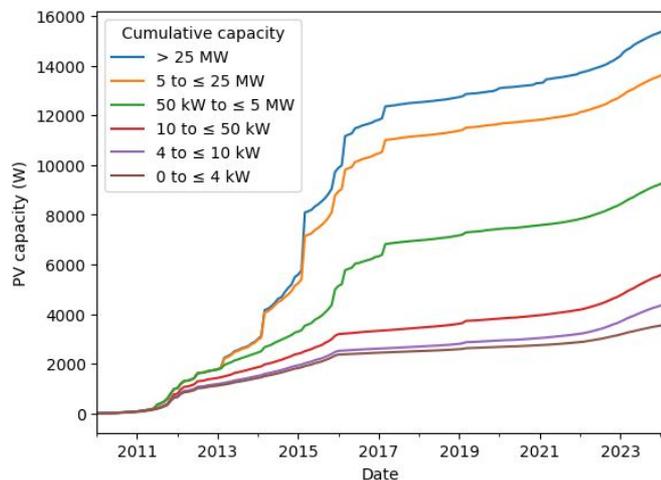
Forecasting regional PV power in Great Britain with a multi-modal late fusion network

D. James Fulton, Jacob Bieker, Peter Dudfield, Solomon Cotton, Zakari Watts, and Jack Kelly

Open Climate Fix



GB photovoltaic solar capacity is increasing



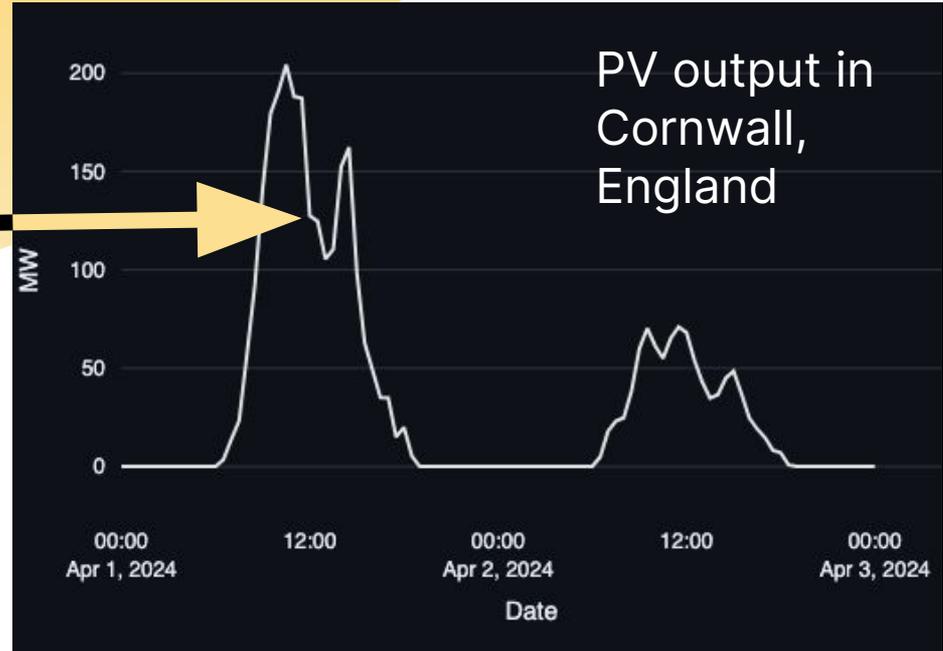
“For projects with low-cost financing that tap high-quality resources, **solar PV is now the cheapest source of electricity in history.**”

- *International Energy Agency's*
[World Energy Outlook 2020](#)



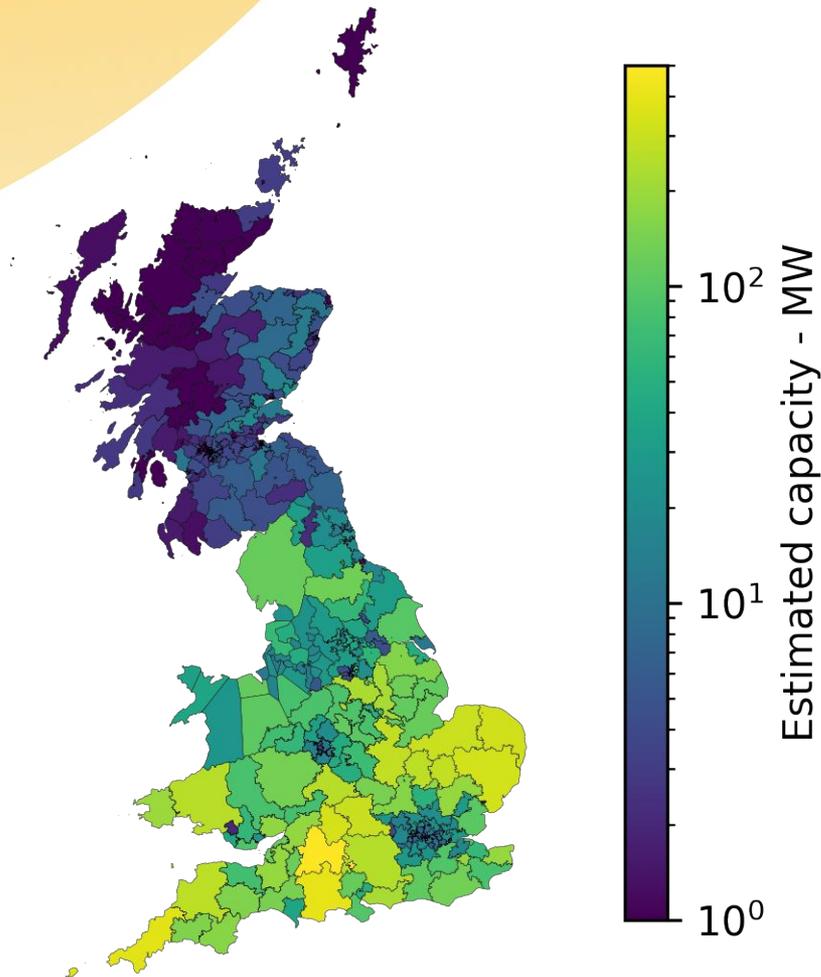
- Local weather has big impact on solar
- Hard to predict

- Accurate forecasts important for grid operators
- Fossil fuels wasted due to poor forecasts



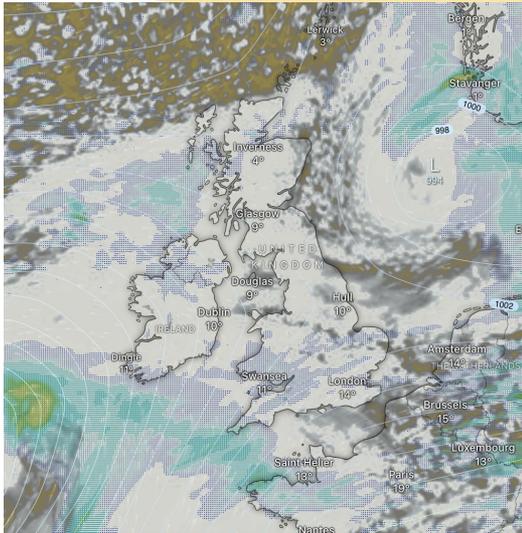
Gas turbine kept running as backup

- Train model to predict PV output of 317 regions
- Predict total for region
- 30 mins - 8 hours horizon

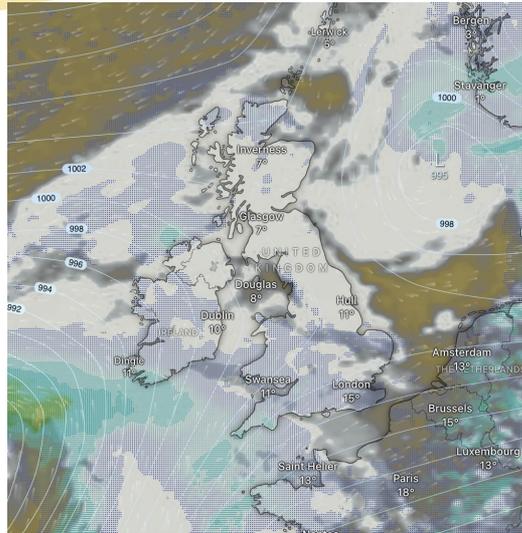




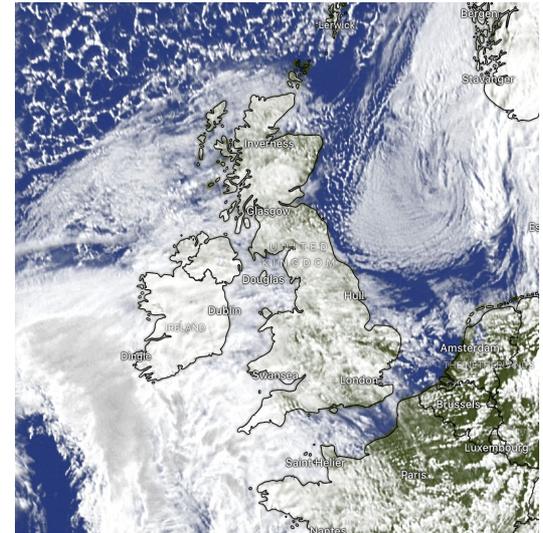
UK Met Office - UKV



ECMWF - IFS



EUMETSAT RSS



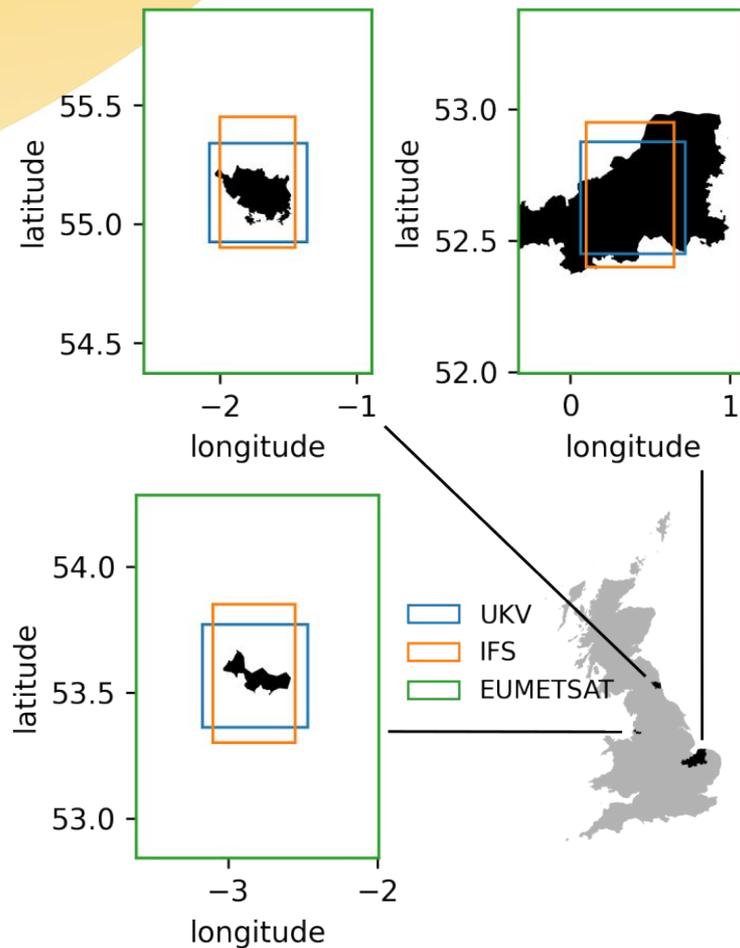
----- Numerical weather predictions -----

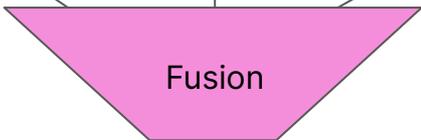
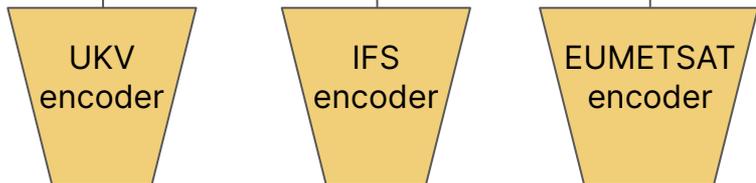
3 hour delay

Satellite images

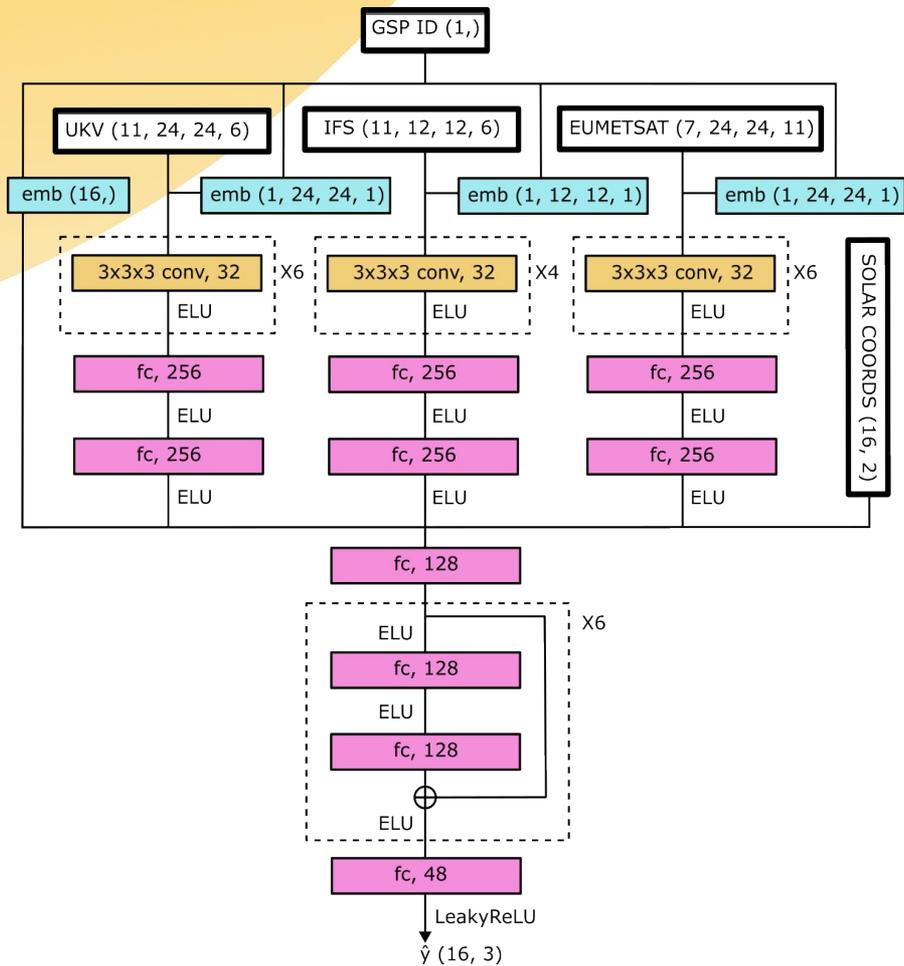
1 hour delay

- Spatial slice centred on GSPs
- GSPs are very different sizes
- Window size is compromise





Simplified network diagram



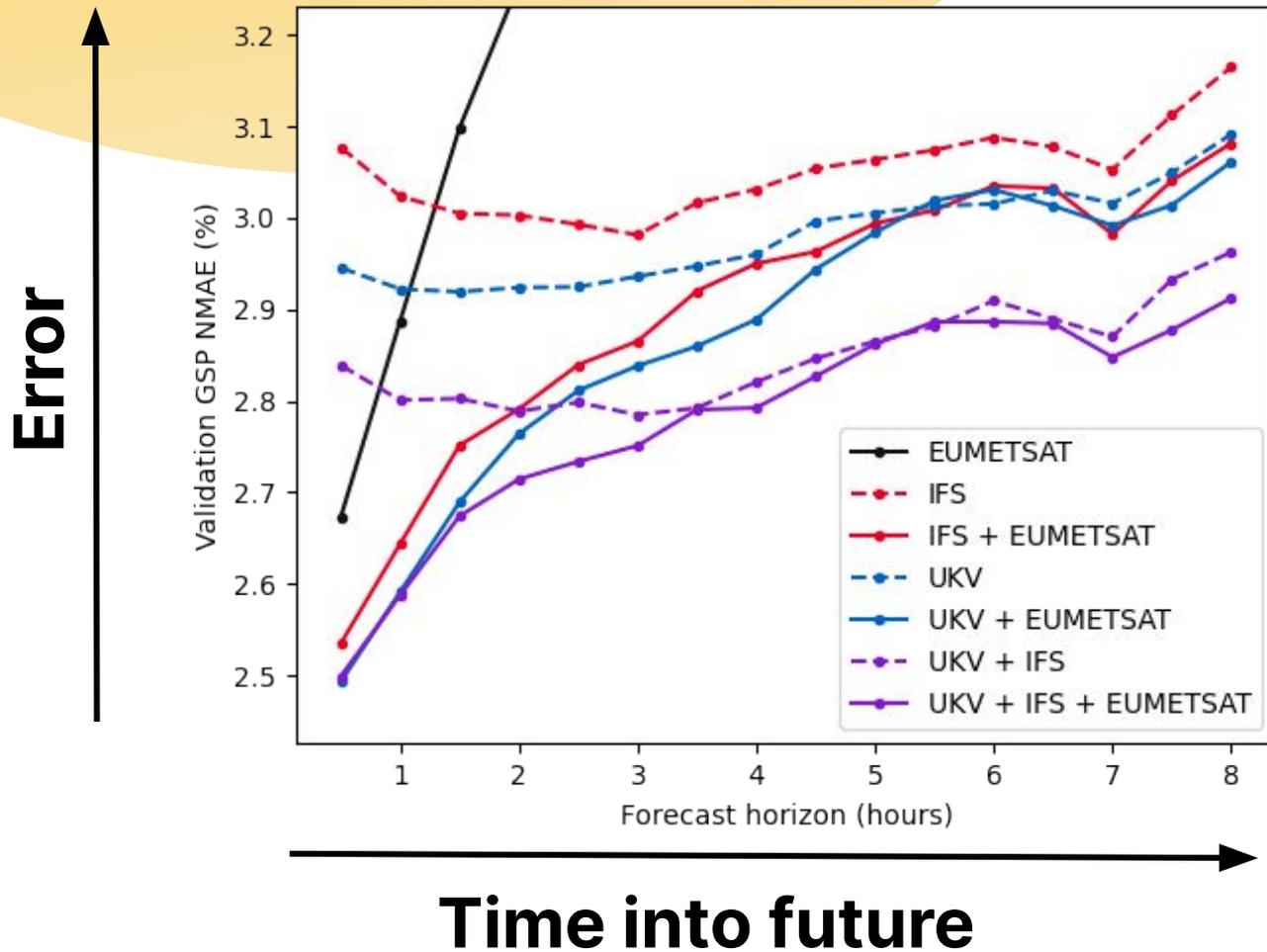
Full network diagram



Experiment details

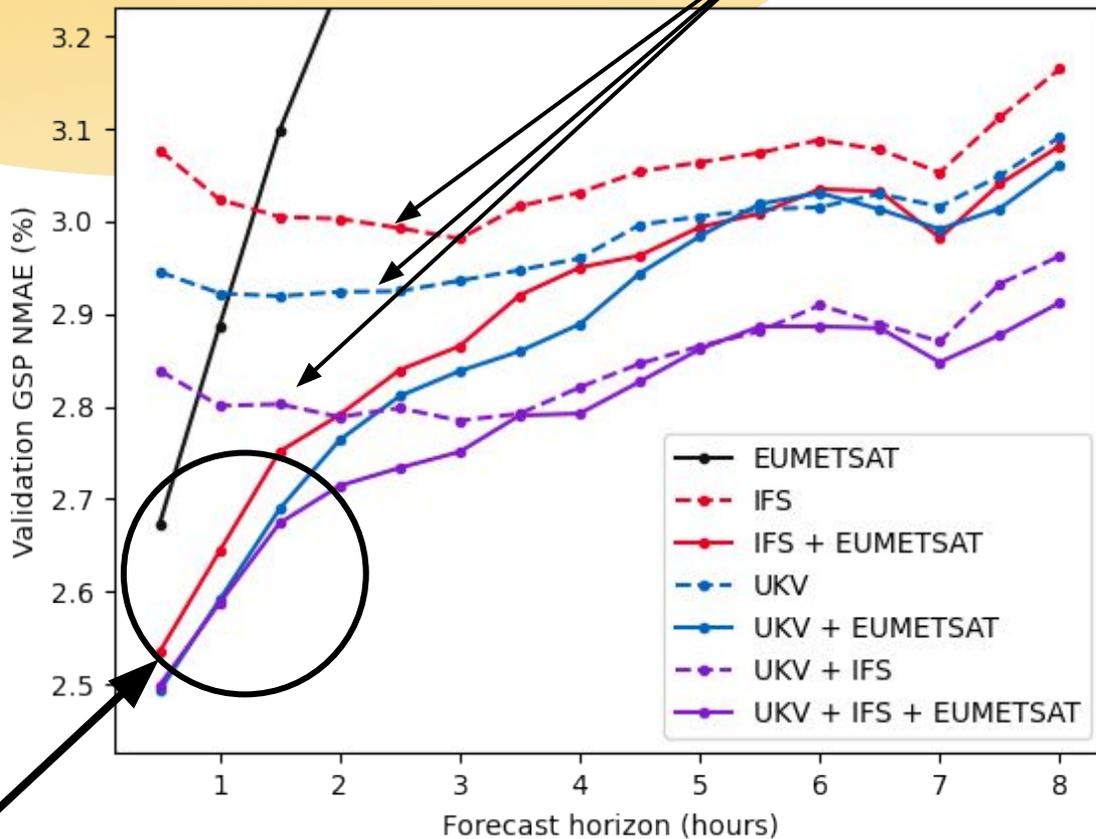
Which data sources influence the accuracy at different horizons?

- Train on 1.6 million samples 2020-02-02 until 2022-05-07
- Evaluate on 32,000 samples 2022-05-08 until 2023-05-08

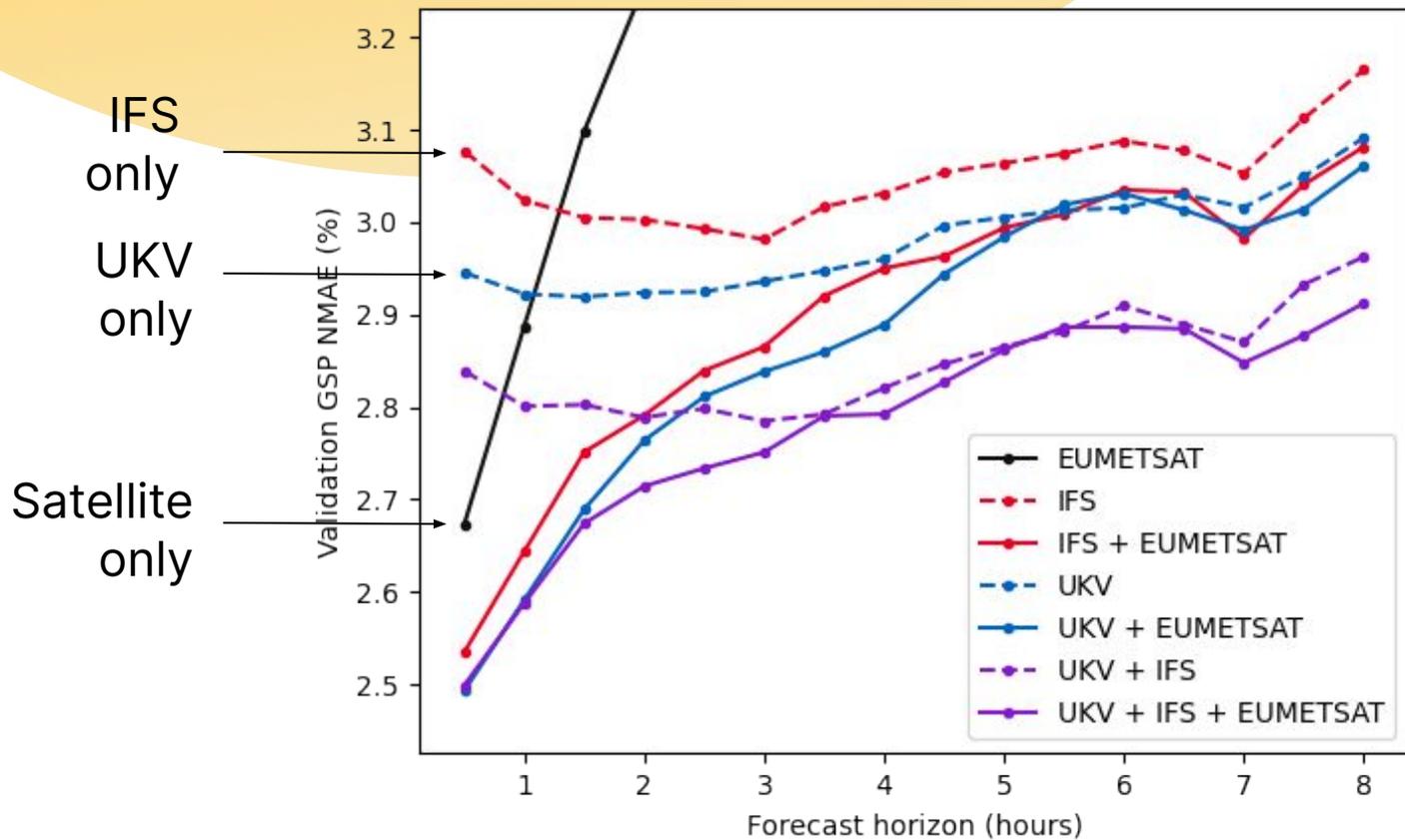


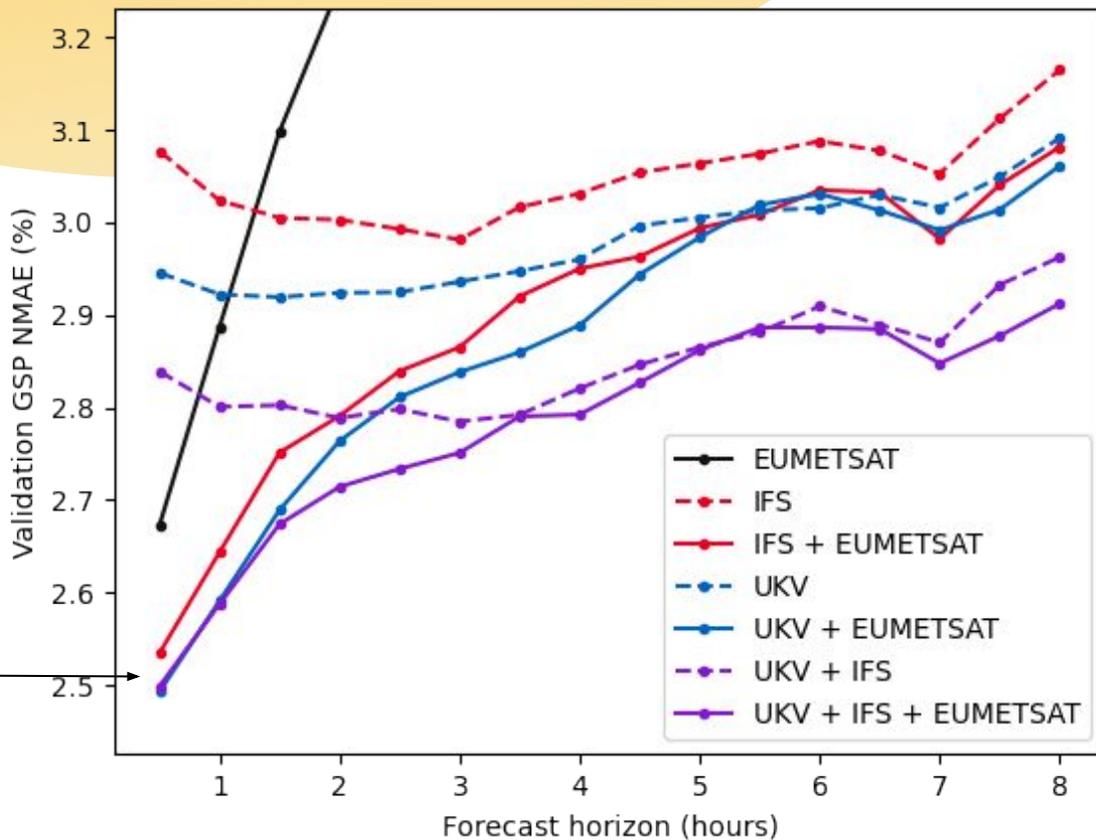


No satellite



Used satellite

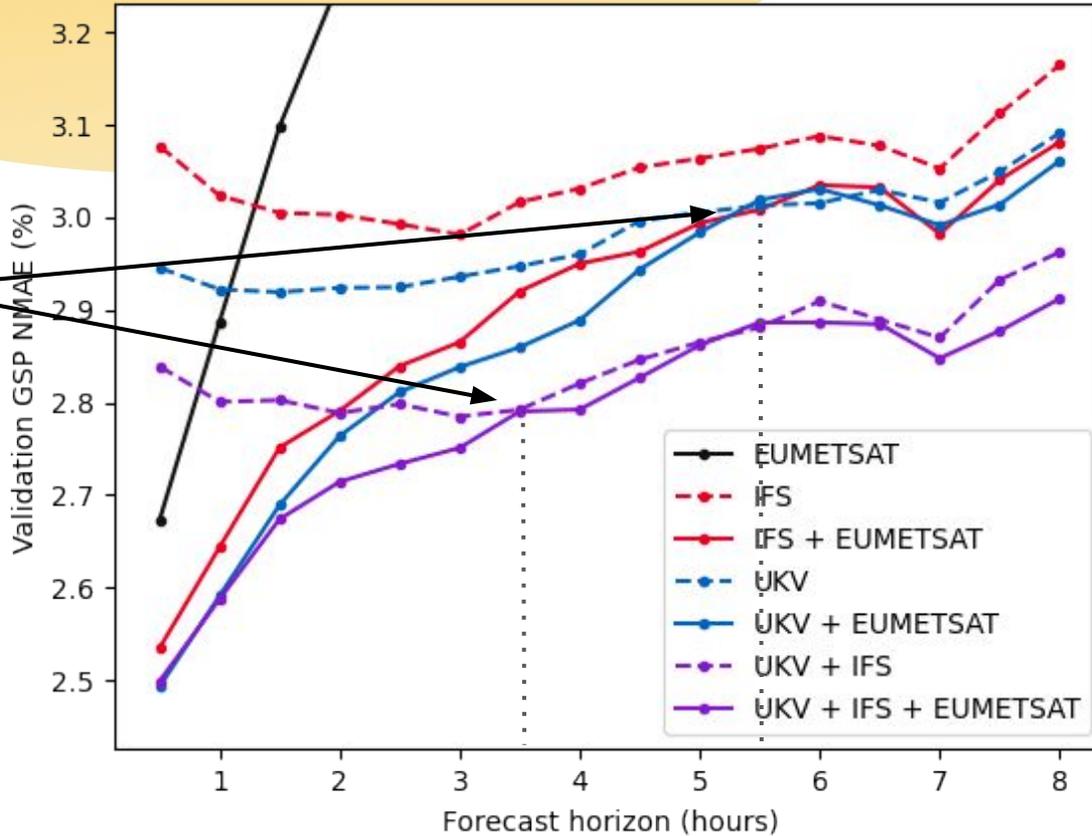


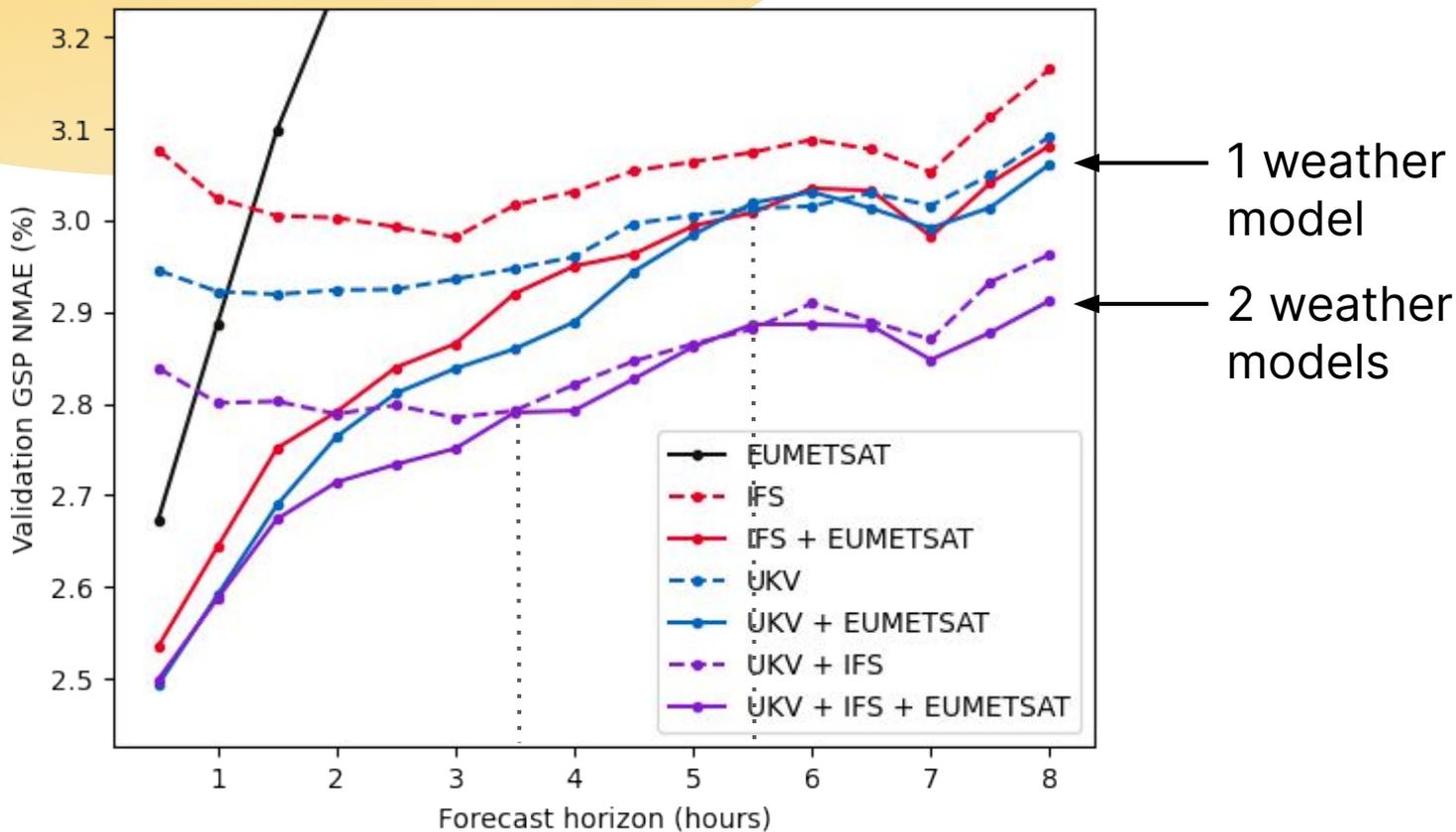


Using both is best



Satellite
useful for
first 3 - 5
hours







Thanks

All code: <https://github.com/openclimatefix/PVNet>

Contact: james@openclimatefix.org



QUARTZ
SOLAR

← Live forecasts

<https://www.quartz.solar>